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8. Production

Produmex supports each of the three SAP B1 production order types.

Based on the significant differences between the 'Disassembly' type and the other two types of production orders, Produmex offers disassembly flows in addition to the production flows. To perform 'Standard' and 'Special' type of production orders, the system offers two different production flows:

Receipt from production

The flow can be performed either on fixed terminals or on scanners. With default settings the production cannot be started on the thin client. After the production the calculated consumed quantity will be locked. Perform the material confirmation, component issues and the closing of the production order in the Production manager.

Production

The flow can only be executed on fixed terminals. The production can be started on the terminal. The consumed quantities can be modified on the terminal. After the consumed quantity has been confirmed the components are issued and an 'Issue for production' document is created in SAP B1. In this flow, it is also possible to close the production order on the terminal.

When the 'Main Touch Production Flow Script' is set as the workflow for the touchscreen, the Production flow automatically starts on the touchscreen after logging in.

To perform 'Disassembly' type production orders, Produmex also has two disassembly flows. The main difference between the two flows is in the way of defining the disassembled quantities.

Disassembly

Enter the disassembled quantity one by one for each component.

Disassembly - weight

Add the disassembled quantities on a collective screen. It is possible to add the quantity by weighing with the linked scale.

It is also possible to perform 'Disassembly' type of production orders in the 'Production' or 'Receipt from production flows'.

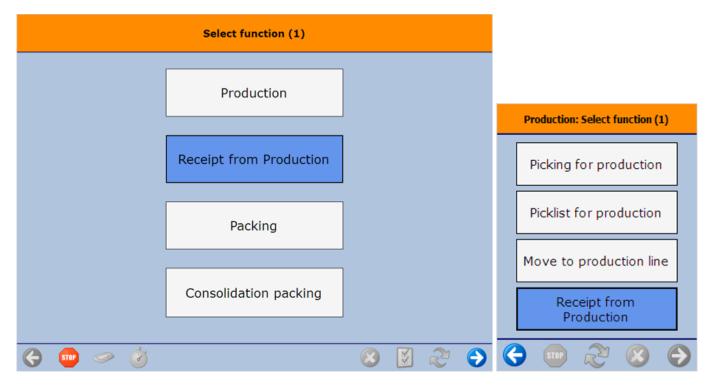
Receipt from Production Flow



- Production order
- Release production order
- Release production order
- Production picking
- Production move
- Production receipt
- Select production order
- · Identify batch

- Identify SSCC
- · Identify batch
- Production
- Finish production

To initiate the flow, press the 'Receipt from Production' button on the terminal or on the scanner.



1. Select a production order

Select a production order from the list and press the right arrow button to proceed.

When using the default settings, only the production orders with 'Started' status are displayed in the list.

When the 'Allow starting production order on receipt flow' option is set to true on the Production controller, the released production orders with an assigned production line are displayed on the list too. The system will automatically change the status to 'Started' when proceeding with these orders.

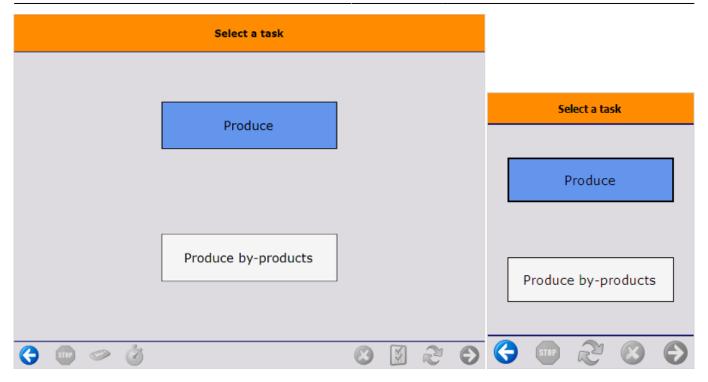


On the scanner, 'Started' orders are indicated with an \boxtimes icon. 'Standard' and 'Special' type flows are indicated with the \boxtimes icon. 'Disassembly' productions are indicated with the \boxtimes icon. After the production order has been selected, the system checks whether there are enough stock on the production line to produce. When there is not enough stock to produce, an error message is shown.

2. Select a task

If there is a by-product line on the production order, the Select task screen opens. This screen is automatically skipped if the production order does not contain by-products.

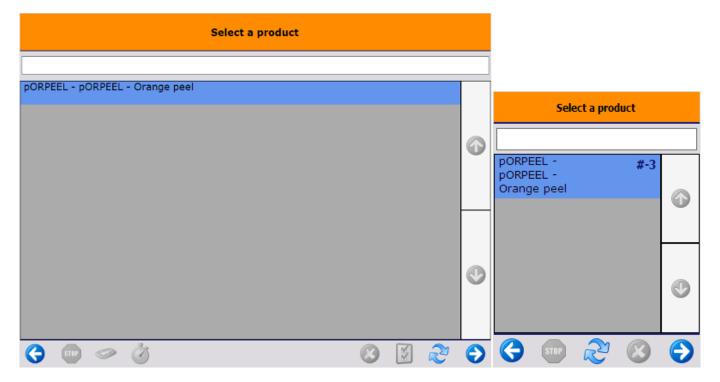
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To produce the main product, press the 'Produce' button.

To produce by-product(s), press the 'Produce by-products' button. On the next screen select a by-product to produce from the list. Every by-product from the production order is listed.

The steps of main product and by-product production are similar. The differences are described at each given step.



3. Identify batch

Depending on the batch number settings for production the system might ask to enter the batchnumber, if the product is managed by batches.

Depending on the best before date settings for production, the system might ask to enter the best before date, if the product has a best before date.



When the product has batch attributes, the system asks for adding those attributes too.

4. Select logistic carrier and identify the SSCC

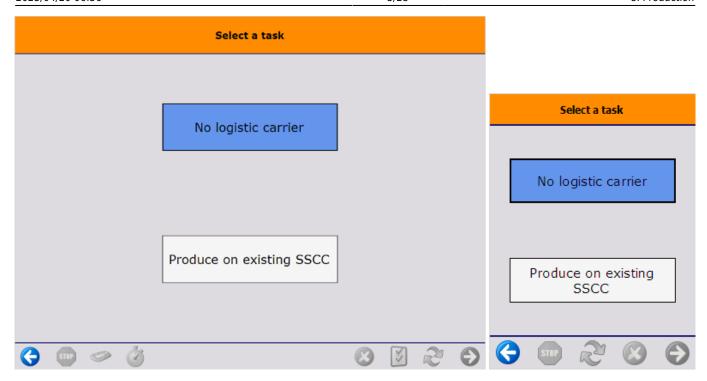
Then select the logistic carrier from the list. Every logistic carrier that has stock on the 'Stor. Loc. logistic carriers' location for the warehouse is listed.



To produce without a logistic carrier press the 'Other tasks' button. On the next screen select a task:

- Press the 'No logistic carrier' button to produce onto a new SSCC.
- Press the 'Produce on existing SSCC' button to produce onto an existing SSCC. On the next screen scan the target SSCC.

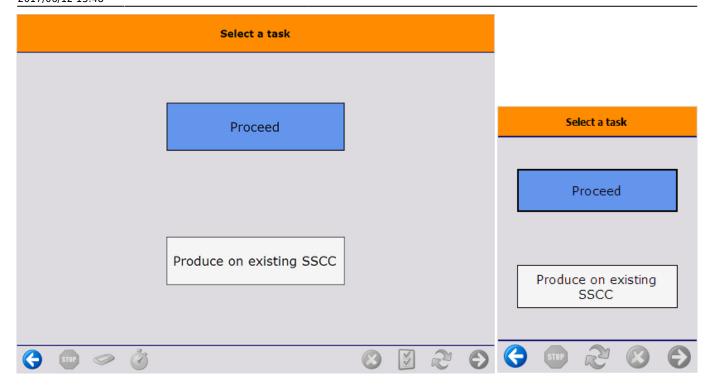
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The system automatically proceeds to the Select a task screen and skips the Select a logistic carrier screen if there is no available logistic carrier on the 'Stor. Loc. logistic carriers' location or if the company does not use logistic carriers. In this case the 'New SSCC' button is displayed instead of the 'No logistic carrier' button. Press this button to produce onto a new SSCC. No logistic carrier will be linked to the produced item.



The system also proceeds automatically if the product has a 'Default log. car. production' set on the Produmex Production tab of the Item Master Data. In this case a 'Proceed' button is displayed instead of the 'No logistic carrier' button. Press this button to create a new SSCC with a linked logistic carrier.



5. Enter the quantity produced

After the SSCC has been defined, add the produced quantity. By default the planned quantity is displayed, but it is possible to produce different quantities.

The maximum of the produced quantity for the main product is calculated based on the following values:

- base quantity of the components from the production order
- the quantity tolerance of components set in the production order
- the available quantity on the production line

Note: lined up components and time registration items are not taken into account when calculating the maximum quantity.

The calculation of the maximum quantity occurs in three steps:

- First the system calculates the maximum producible quantity for each material based on only that material.
 - Maximum quantity = Quantity on the production line/ (base quantity *(1-quantity tolerance))
- Then the system selects the lowest value from the maximum producible quantities. To define the maximum quantity, the system rounds down that value to the decimal places specified for the uom in the Item Master Data of the product.



The produced quantity for by-products is not limited by the available quantity of the materials on the production line.

5.1. Enter the weight

In case of producing a catch weight item, enter the produced weight too. The maximum weight is calculated from the produced quantity, the default weight and the weight tolerance defined in the Item Master Data of the product.



If the Weight Capture needed during Production setting is enabled on Item Master Data > Produmex tab > Production tab, the system displays the Enter the weight screen during the flow. In this case the product / by-product must be weighed with a scale.

- Prerequisites: You must define a scale for the production line or the output location of the production line in the Organizational Structure.
- The setting applies to items that are not managed by serial numbers.
- If the item is a catch weight item, you can weigh the item after the first quantity has been added.



5.2. Items managed by serial numbers

When the item to produce is managed by Produmex or 'On release only' type serial numbers, it is possible to add the quantity by scanning the serial numbers or by entering the quantity. When the item to produce is managed by 'On every transaction' type serial numbers, the quantity can only be added by scanning the serial numbers.

For more information about quantity entering methods see: Screens for entering additional information.



6. Production

After the quantity has been added, the product is produced and the system moves the product to the output location. The quality status of the received product is the quality status set as the *Quality status production* on the Production tab of the Organizational Structure.

When the product is produced, the system locks the consumed stock. The locked quantity is calculated from the produced quantity and the base quantity of the component. Materials are not locked for by-products.

Documents:

- When producing by-products, the system creates a receipt for production document for the byproduct and no other documents.
- When producing the main product, the system creates a receipt for production document for the main product and issue for production documents for material items which are on lined up location with direct consumption setting.

7. Print event

If set in the Organizational Structure, the 'Production: logistic unit produced event (400)' print event is triggered and the Production label is printed. The default report of the print event is DefaultProductionLabel.rpt.

8. Item produced

On the screen the 'The item is produced' message is displayed. Press 'Ok' to go back to the 'Select a production order' screen. When the 'Proceed with current production order after entering quantity on prod. receipt flow?' option is set to true in the Production controller, the system automatically proceeds with the current production order.



If the production order is not closed, it is possible to produce more than the planned quantity.

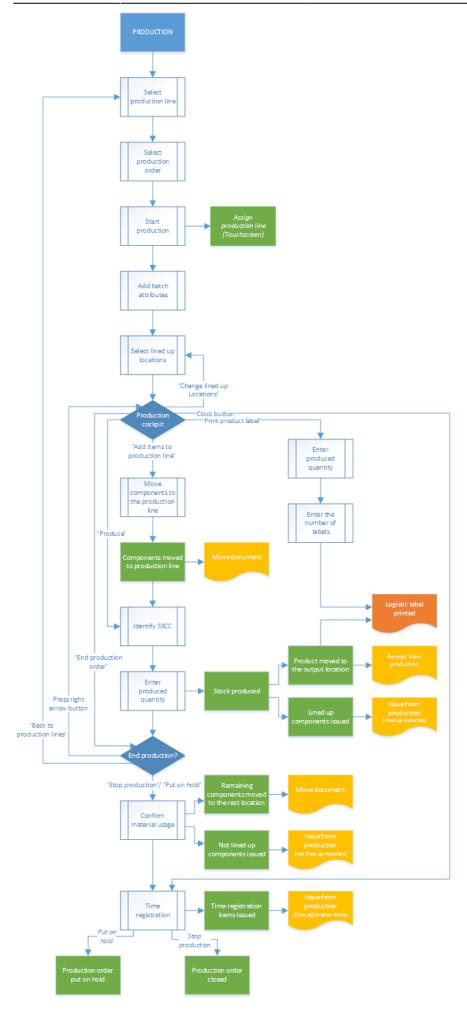
Close the production in the Production Manager.

If the *Automatically close production orders on completion?* (Y/N) setting is enabled on the production controller, the production order is automatically closed when the planned quantity for the main product has been reached. The Issue for Production documents are booked with the planned quantities and the components are issued.

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Production flow

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1. Initiate the flow

To initiate the production flow, press the 'Production' button on the terminal.



2. Select production line

Select the production line where the production will take place. Press the right arrow button to proceed. Every active production line is displayed on the list.



3. Select production order

Select a production order from a list.

- The screen lists production orders with type *standard* and *special*. For production orders with type disassembly use the Disassembly Flow.
- Released production orders that are assigned to the selected production line or that are not assigned to any line yet are displayed on the list.

When there is a started production order on the line, the system automatically proceeds with that order.



4. Start production

After the production order has been selected, the system will display the details of the production:

- 1. The code and description of the item to produce.
- 2. The due date of the production order and the attached remarks.
- 3. The type of the production indicated with an icon.
- 4. The planned quantity.
- 5. Production order number.

To start the production, press the 'Start production' button. When no production line was assigned to the order, it can be started at any production line. After the order has been started on a production line the system automatically assigns that line to the production order.



5. Identify batch

Depending on the batch number settings for production the system might ask to enter the batch number, if the product is managed by batches. If both the product and the by-product(s) are managed

by batches, the batch number of the by-product(s) is the same as the batch number of the product.

Depending on the best before date settings for production, the system might ask to enter the best before date, if the product has a best before date. If the product and the by-product(s) have a best before date, the best before date of the by-product(s) is the same as the best before date of the product.

When the product has batch attributes, the system asks for adding those attributes too.

6. Select lined up location

When there are no components that has to be lined up, the system skips this screen. When there is a component that has to be lined up in the production order, select the lined up location from the list. Different lined up component are displayed on separate screens. A location is listed if the following is verified:

- The 'Can be lined up' option is enabled for the location
- The location is added to the production line as a lined up location
- A component that has to be lined up is stored on the location

When there is only one location that verifies these criteria, the system automatically proceeds with that location.

This screen can also be reached by pressing the 'Change lined up locations' button on production cockpit.



7. Production cockpit

The next screen is the Production cockpit.



- 1. Code, description and barcode of the item to produce
- 2. The planned quantity
- 3. The number of the production order
- 4. The due date of the production order
- 5. The remarks added to the production order
- 6. The type of the production order indicated with an icon
- 7. The list of components that still have to be moved to the production line. The item code, description and barcode of the components and the needed quantity are displayed. The following components are not listed:
 - lined up components
 - time registration components
 - optional components
- 8. Produce button (see 8.2.9.Produce)
- 9. Produce by-products button (see 8.2.10. Produce by-products)
- 10. Change lined up locations button (see: 8.2.6. Select lined up location)
- 11. Add items to use button (see 8.2.8. Move components to production line)

- 12. Print product label button (see 8.2.12.Print label)
- 13. End production order button (see 8.2.13. End production)
- 14. Clock button. Click the button to register time registration items (see 10. Time registration).

8. Move components to production line

The components can be moved either on the scanner or on the terminal. Use the 'Move to production line' flow to perform the move on the scanner.

Only stock from the production line's input location can be moved to the production line. When the 'Allow to move stock to prod. line from rest location' option is set to true in the Production controller, stock from the rest location can be moved to the production line too.



Press the 'Add items to use' button to perform the move on the touchscreen. There are three possible ways to move the materials to the production line.

- To move only one item, press the 'Move an item' button. Identify the product to move.
 First scan the linked SSCC. When the product has no linked SSCC, press the 'No SSCC' button.
 On the next screen scan the product to move or select it from the list after pressing the 'Select a product' button. Every item on the input location is listed and can be moved.
 After the product has been identified, add the quantity. The moved quantity cannot exceed the quantity stored on the input location.
- To move the entire stock of the components, press the 'Move all items linked to the production order' button. The system will move the entire stock of the items linked to the production order, regardless of the planned quantity.
- To move everything from the input location press the 'Move all items' button. The system will move the entire stock from the input location, regardless of the planned quantity or the item.

When the 'Hide all item buttons' option is enabled in the Production controller, the system automatically proceeds with the 'Move an item' task after the 'Add items to use' button have been pressed.

When the 'Auto move all linked items to BOM' option is enabled in the Production controller, this step can be skipped as the components were automatically moved to the production line after initiating the flow.

After the components have been moved to the production line, the system registers the movement in a 'Move' document in the Produmex office module.



When there are no items displayed on the 'Items still to pick' list, it means that all the required not lined up materials are already on the production line and are available for the production.

9. Produce

To produce the items, press the 'Produce' button.



After the 'Produce' button has been pressed, identify the SSCC to produce on. For the detailed description see: 8.1.4. Identify the SSCC

When the item to produce has batch attributes, the system will ask for adding those attributes too after the SSCC has been identified.

On the next screen enter the produced quantity.



10. Produce by-products

To produce by-products, press the 'Produce by-products' button. On the next screen select a by-product from the list. Every by-product from the production order is listed.



Then select the logistic carrier from the list. Every logistic carrier that has stock on the 'Stor. Loc. logistic carriers' location for the warehouse is listed.



To produce without a logistic carrier press the 'Other tasks' button. On the next screen select a task:

- Press the 'No SSCC' button to produce without a logistic unit.
- Press the 'No logistic carrier' button to produce onto a new SSCC.
- Press the 'Produce on existing SSCC' button to produce onto an existing SSCC. On the next screen scan the target SSCC.



The system automatically proceeds to the Select a task screen and skips the Select a logistic carrier screen if there is no available logistic carrier on the 'Stor. Loc. logistic carriers' location or if the company does not use logistic carriers. In this case the 'New SSCC' button is displayed instead of the 'No logistic carrier' button. Press this button to produce onto a new SSCC. No logistic carrier will be linked to the produced item.



The system also proceeds automatically if the product/by-product has a 'Default log. car. production' set on the Produmex Production tab of the Item Master Data. In this case a 'Proceed' button is displayed instead of the 'No logistic carrier' button. Press this button to create a new SSCC with a linked logistic carrier.



On the next screen enter the quantity to produce. The quantity to produce is not limited by quantity of materials available on the production line. Displayed information:

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- 1. Production order number
- 2. Item code and description
- 3. Batch number of the main product/by-product
- 4. Best before date of the main product/by-product
- 5. Open quantity for the main product



After the by-product is produced, the system returns to the Production Cockpit.

In SAP Business One, the receipt from production document is created and the by-product is taken into stock on the output location of the production line.

11. Enter the weight

In case of producing a catch weight item, enter the produced weight too. The maximum weight is calculated from the produced quantity, the default weight and the weight tolerance defined in the Item Master Data of the product.



If the Weight Capture needed during Production setting is enabled on Item Master Data > Produmex tab > Production tab, the system displays the Enter the weight screen during the flow. In this case the product / by-product must be weighed with a scale.

- Prerequisites: You must define a scale for the production line in the Organizational Structure.
- The setting applies to items that are not managed by serial numbers.
- If the item is a catch weight item, you can weigh the item after the first quantity has been added.



12. Receive product

After the quantity has been added, the product is produced. The system moves the product to the output line and books a 'Receipt from Production' document.

The system issues the lined up materials and books an 'Issue for production' document for those components. The issued quantity is calculated as the product of the base quantity of the component and the produced quantity.

Note: If the Direct Consumption of Goods setting (Organizational Structure > Silo > General tab) is disabled, the raw materials are not consumed when closing the production order in the Production Flow. To close the production order the Production Manager must be used.

13. Print label

If set in the Organizational Structure, the 'Production: logistic unit produced event (400)' print event is

triggered and the Production label is printed. Default report for the print event: DefaultProductionLabel.rpt

There is another way to print the label. On the main production screen press the 'Print product label' button. On the next screen add the produced quantity. The system automatically skips this screen, if there is already produced quantity. On the next screen add the number of labels to print.

14. End production

After the product was produced, the production can be continued, stopped or put on hold. This screen can also be reached by pressing the 'End production order' button on cockpit.



To go back to the production lines without finishing the production, press the 'Back to production lines' button. The Produmex status of the production order will remain 'Started'.

To go back to the production cockpit, press the left arrow button.

To put the production on hold, press the 'Put on hold' button. Issue for Production documents will be booked for the consumed quantities and the components will be issued but the production order will remain open.

To stop the production press the 'Stop production' button. Issue for Production documents will be booked for the consumed quantities and the components will be issued and the production order will be closed.

After pressing the 'Stop production' or the 'Put on hold' buttons, confirm the consumed quantities for the components.

15. Confirm the quantity to consume

The consumed quantity can be modified and confirmed on individual screens for each material. The consumed quantity of lined up materials cannot be modified or confirmed on the touchscreen. The consumed quantity of the time registration components can be added in the next step or after pressing the 'Clock' button on the Toolbar.

When the 'Use waste?' option is enabled in the Production controller, the waste quantities can be added as well.

When the 'Skip consumption screen on flow for linked components?' option is enabled in the Production controller, consumption screens for components that have been prepared (eg. weighted) will be skipped.



The stock on the input location is listed on the screen. The different batches are displayed in separate lines. Products stored on different SSCC's are also displayed in separate lines.

- 1. The 'Item to consume' is the item code and description of the component.
- 2. The 'Quantity to consume' is the product of the produced quantity and the base quantity of the component.
- The 'Difference qty to use' is the difference of the 'Quantity to consume' and the '# Used' quantity.
- 4. The batch number, the second batch number and the best before date of the batch.
- 5. The '# On line' quantity is the quantity of the stock that was moved to the production line.
- 6. The '#Used' quantity is the quantity that was consumed for the production.
- 7. The '#Rest' quantity is the quantity remaining on the production line.
- 8. The '#Waste' quantity is the quantity of the waste.

The default '# Used' quantity is calculated based on the following logic:

- If the available quantity is greater than or equal to the quantity to consume: Default #Used quantity = Quantity to consume.
- If the available quantity is less than the quantity to consume but within the quantity range: Default #Used quantity = Available quantity.

When the 'Auto fill consumed quantity from prepared quantity on stop production?' option is set to true in the Production controller, the default '#Used' quantity for prepared components (eg. weighted) is the prepared quantity, if it is within the quantity range.

The '# Rest' quantity is the quantity of the stock remaining on the production line. It is calculated by {'#On line' quantity - '# Used' quantity}.

The # Used (9) and the # Rest (10) quantity of the selected batch can be modified in the respective input field. After the modification press the 'Update' button.

Please note: The '# Used quantity' must be within the quantity range defined by the produced quantity and the components base quantity and quantity tolerance. Because the sum of the '# Used' and '# Rest' quantity must be equal to the on line quantity, when modifying either one of them, the other one is automatically updated.

In case of using waste, the # On line quantity is equal to with the sum of the # Used, # Rest and # Waste quantity. When modifying the used or the rest quantity, the system updates the waste (12) quantity automatically. The # waste field cannot be modified manually on the touchscreen. When confirming the consumed quantity of a serial numbered item, add the serial numbers of the consumed products too. After the consumed quantity has been added, the system ask the method of entering the serial numbers. Select a method then on the next screen scan the serial numbers.

In case of a catch weight component, the default weights are displayed too.

- 1. The weight to consume. It is calculated from quantity to consume and the weight defined in the Item Master Data.
- 2. The On line, Used, Rest and Waste weight of the batch. By default it is calculated from the weight of the batch available on the production line and the quantity to consume.
- 3. The On line, Used, Rest and Waste weight of the item. By default it is calculated from the weight of the item available on the production line and the quantity to consume.
- 4. The used weight of the selected batch can be modified in this field.
- 5. The rest weight of the selected batch can be modified in this field.
- 6. The waste weight of the selected batch is displayed in this field.



Press the right arrow button to proceed to the next component.

16. Time registration

When the production order contains time registration components, define the consumed quantity for those components as well. For more information about time registration see: 10. Time registration



17. Issue components

Once the material consumption is confirmed, the used quantities are issued and the remaining stock is moved to the rest location of the production line. The movement is registered in a Move document in the Produmex office module.

Documents:

- When producing by-products, the system creates a receipt for production document for the byproduct and no other documents.
- When producing the main product, the system creates a receipt for production document for the main product and issue for production documents for material items which are on lined up location with direct consumption setting.
- Time registration items are also issued in a separate issue for production document.

18. Production order status

When stopping the production order, the Produmex and the SAP status of the production order will be changed to 'Closed'.

When putting the production on hold, the Produmex status on the production order will be changed to 'On hold', but the SAP status of the production order will remain 'Released'. The production can be continued after a restart on the production line. The production can only be restarted on the production line where it was performed previously. It is not possible to start an 'On hold' production in the Production Manager.

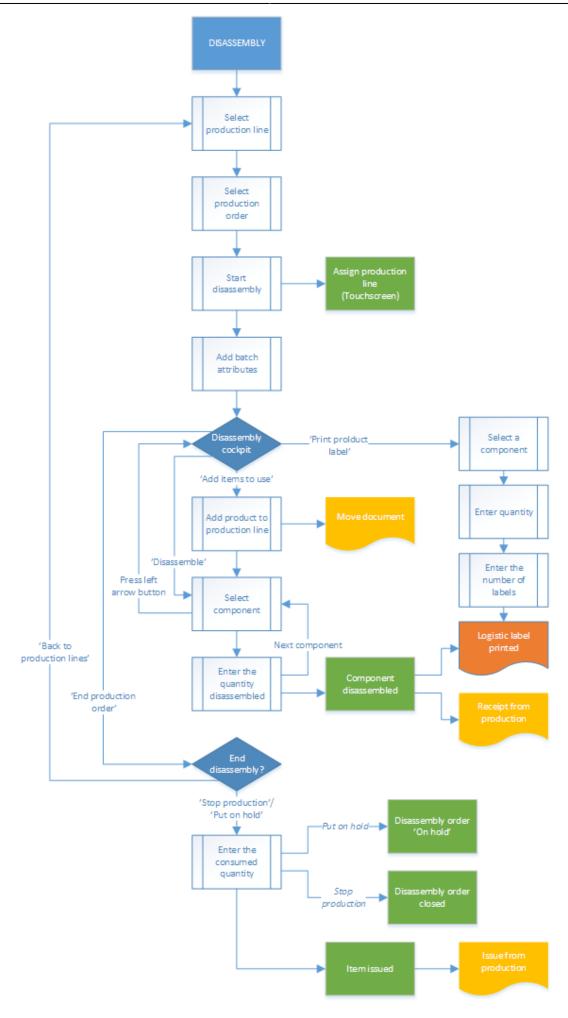


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Disassembly Flow

Workflow

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1. Initiate the flow

Tap the Disassembly button on the touchscreen.



2. Select production line

See: 8.2.2. Select production line

3. Select the production order

Select the production order from the list. Only released disassembly orders assigned to the selected production line or not yet assigned to any line are displayed on the list.



4. Start production

After the order has been selected, the details of the disassembly will be displayed. Press the 'Start production' button to start the disassembly. For more information about the displayed production details see: 8.2.4. Start production

When there is a stared disassembly order, the system automatically proceeds with that order.



5. Disassembly cockpit

The next screen is the disassembly cockpit.

- 1. Code, description and barcode of the item to produce.
- 2. The planned quantity in the production order.
- 3. The number of the production order.
- 4. The due date of the production order and the attached remarks.
- 5. The type of the production order indicated with an icon.
- 6. The product to disassemble is listed here. The quantity that still need to be moved to the production line is displayed next to the item code and description.
- 7. Disassemble button. See: 8.3.8. Disassemble
- 8. Add items to use buton. See: 8.3.7. Move to the production line
- 9. Print product label button. See: 8.2.11. Print label
- 10. End production order. See: 8.3.10. End production



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6. Move to the production line

Add the item to disassemble to the production line. Press the 'Add items to use' button or move the item with the 'Move to production line' flow. For more information about moving the item to the production line see: 8.2.8. Move the components to the production line



7. Disassemble

Add the item to disassemble to the production line. Press the 'Add items to use' button or move the item with the 'Move to production line' flow. For more information about moving the item to the production line see: 8.2.8. Move the components to the production line



After the 'Disassemble' button has been pressed a list of components are displayed on the screen. Only components from the disassembly order will be displayed on the list. Select a component from the list.



If the item is managed by batches, depending on the batch number settings for production the system generates the batch number. Note: The extension 'Batch Number Generator Production - Empty Batch Number' is not supported in the Disassembly flows. It is not possible to change the generated batch number regardless of the settings on the Batch Number Production Company generator.

If the item has a best before date, depending on the best before date settings for production, the system might ask to enter the best before date.

If the item has batch attributes, the system asks for adding those attributes too.

On the next screen identify the destination logistic unit. See: 8.1.4. Identify the SSCC Add the quantity disassembled of the selected component. The quantity is the base quantity multiplied by the quantity of the product on the production line. The maximum quantity is calculated from the base quantity and the quantity tolerance of the component and the available quantity of the product on the production line.



8. Enter the weight

In the case of a catch weight component, enter the weight too. The weight range that can be added is calculated from the quantity of the component disassembled and the catch weight settings of the item.

- When a component is managed by *On every transaction* type serial numbers, add the quantity by scanning the serial numbers.
- When a component is managed by PMX or *On release only* type serial numbers, the quantity

can also be added by scanning the serial numbers.

• In the case of a lined up component, select the lined up location after the quantity has been added.

Press the right arrow button to proceed.



If the Weight Capture needed during Production setting is enabled on Item Master Data > Produmex tab > Production tab, the system displays the Enter the weight screen during the flow. In this case the product / by-product must be weighed with a scale.

- Prerequisites: You must define a scale for the production line in the Organizational Structure. If more scales are defined under the same production line, the flow displays the Switch scale button.
- The setting applies to items that are not managed by serial numbers.
- If the item is a catch weight item, you can weigh the item after the first quantity has been added.



9. Receive product

After the quantity has been added, the system books a 'Receipt from production' document for the component. If set in the Organizational Structure, the 'Production: logistic unit produced event (400)' print event is triggered and the Production label is printed. Default report for the print event: DefaultProductionLabel.rpt. The system displays the 'The item is disassembled' message. Then the system goes back to the select a product screen. After every component has been disassembled, press the left arrow button to go back to the disassembly cockpit.



10. End production

Press the 'End production order' button to quit from the disassembly. After the button has been pressed, select a task.

To go back to the production lines, press the 'Back to production lines' button. The Produmex status of the disassembly will remain 'Started'.

To put the disassembly on hold, press the 'Put on hold' button.

To stop the production, press the 'Stop production' button.

After the 'Put on hold' or the 'Stop production' button has been pressed, confirm the consumed quantity.

In case the disassembled quantity of at least one item does not reach the minimum quantity calculated from the quantity of the product on the production line, the base quantity and quantity tolerance of the component and the disassembled quantity of other components, the system displays an error message. To go back to the disassembly cockpit, acknowledge the message by pressing the 'Ok' button.

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11. Confirm the consumed quantity

On the next screen, confirm the consumed quantity.

- 1. Item to consume: the item code and description of the disassembled product.
- 2. Quantity to consume. The quantity to consume is calculated based on the following logic:
 - First the system calculates for each component the theoretical quantity to disassemble in order to produce the previously added component quantity.
 - {Quantity to disassemble = Disassembled quantity / Base quantity}
 - Then the system select the lowest value (the component linked to that value is the limiting component) and rounds it to the decimals defined for the uom in the product's Item Master Data.

In the case of catch weight products, the weight to consume is displayed under the quantity to consume. The weight to consume is the product of the quantity to consume and the weight defined for the item in the Item Master Data.

- 3. Difference gty to use: the difference of the quantity to consume and the #used quantity.
- 4. The batch number, the second batch number and the best before date of the batch. Different batches are displayed in separate lines.
- 5. The '# On line' quantity is the quantity of the product that was moved to the production line. In the case of catch weight products, the on line weight is also displayed.
- 6. The '#Used' quantity is the quantity that was consumed for the production. By default the used quantity equals to the quantity to consume. In the case of catch weight products, the used weight is also displayed. By default the used weight equals to the weight to consume.
- 7. The '# Rest' quantity is the quantity remaining on the production line. In the case of catch weight products, the rest weight is also displayed.
- 8. The '# Waste' quantity is the quantity of the waste. In the case of catch weight products, the waste weight is also displayed.

The # Used (9) and the # Rest (10) quantity of the selected batch can be modified in the respective input field. After the modification press the 'Update' button. In case of catch weight products, also modify the weights. After the modification press the 'Update' button.

In case of using waste, the # On line quantity is equal to with the sum of the # Used, # Rest and # Waste quantity. When modifying the used or the rest quantity, the system updates the waste (11) quantity automatically. The # waste field cannot be modified manually on the touchscreen.



12. Production order status

See: 8.2.16. Production order status

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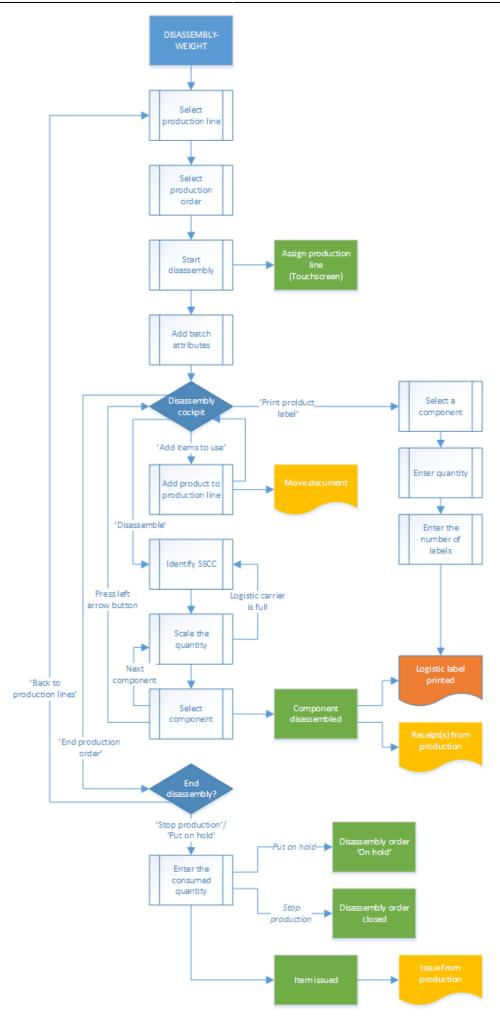
Disassembly - Weight Flow



implementation:wms:productionflows https://wiki.produmex.name/doku.php?id=implementation:wms:productionflows

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1. Initiate the flow

Tap the Disassembly- weight button on the touchscreen.

2. Select production line

See: 8.2.2. Select production line

3. Select production order

See: 8.3.3. Select production order

4. Start production order

See: 8.4.4. Start production order

5. Identify the batch

See: 8.3.5. Identify the batch

6. Disassembly cockpit

See: 8.3.6. Disassembly cockpit

7. Move to production line

See: 8.3.7. Move to production line

8. Disassemble

After adding the products, tap the Disassemble button. On the next screen identify the destination logistic unit. See: 8.1.4. Identify the SSCC

9. Enter the quantity disassembled

Weigh a component or enter the quantity manually. Then press the button of the component to add the weighted quantity to the system.

• If the component is managed by batches, depending on the batch number settings for

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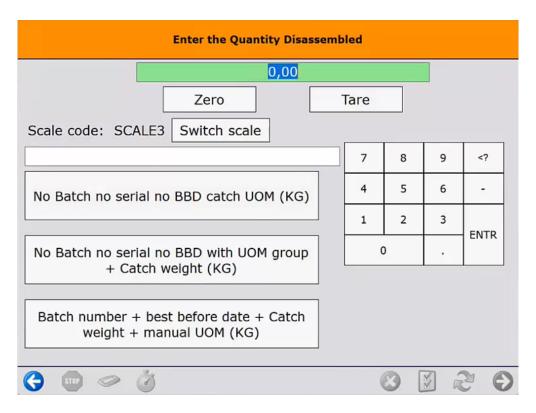
production the system generates the batch number. Note: The extension 'Batch Number' Generator Production - Empty Batch Number' is not supported in the Disassembly flows. It is not possible to change the generated batch number regardless of the settings on the Batch Number Production Company generator.

- If the component has a best before date, depending on the best before date settings for production, the system might ask to enter the best before date.
- If the component has batch attributes, the system asks for adding those attributes too.



If the Weight Capture needed during Production setting is enabled on Item Master Data > Produmex tab > Production tab, the product / by-product must be weighed with a scale.

- Prerequisites: You must define a scale for the production line in the Organizational Structure. If more scales are defined under the same production line, the flow displays the Switch scale button.
- The setting applies to items that are not managed by serial numbers.
- If the item is a catch weight item, you can weigh the item after the first quantity has been added.



After the quantity has been added, the system books a 'Receipt from production' document and moves the component to the output location.

When added quantity exceeds the maximum quantity, the system displays an error message. The maximum quantity is calculated from the base quantity and the quantity tolerance of the component and the available quantity of the product on the line.

Proceed with the next component. After every component has been weighted, press the right arrow button to continue with the flow.

Press the Logistic carrier is full button to continue the disassembly onto another logistic carrier. After the button has been pressed, the 'Production: logistic unit produced event (400)' print event is triggered and the production label is printed. The default report for the print event is DefaultProductionLabel.rpt. On the next screen identify the new destination logistic unit.

To go back to the disassembly cockpit, press the left arrow button. After the button has been pressed, the 'Production: logistic unit produced event (400)' print event is triggered and the production label is printed. The default report for the print event is DefaultProductionLabel.rpt.

10. End production order

On the main production screen press the 'End production order' button. See: 8.3.9. End production order and 8.3.10. Confirm the consumed quantity

11. Production order status

See: 8.2.16. Production order status

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