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# 1. Picklist

Please see the Stock allocation algorithm section for information about the rules of creating pick lists.

# 1.1. Global information

Once a wave is selected on the scanner, all the pick lists in the wave go through a process to allocate the stock to an item detailed level. This means the stock is locked on the location.

Pick list lines that have a location allocated, will get the status 'ready'.

Stock allocation on detailed level is only done for pick locations.

Stock on a bulk location (Non-pick location) cannot be taken to pick.

Also keep in mind that the stock details from the proposal are copied.

So for example: If on the proposal a certain LUID is locked, the pick list can only take stock for this LUID. This is the same for a batch. The pick list will only allocate for locations where the batch on the proposal is stored.

There are some exceptions to allow the picking on bulk locations: Full pallets can be picked from a bulk location, if this has been configured.

#### Status:

**Not ready** ('N'): The pick list has been created, but there is no locking done on detail level.

**Partially ready** ('A'): Some of the lines still do not have locking on detailed level.

**Ready** ('R'): All the lines have locking on detailed level.

Partially picked ('I'): Some lines are picked

**Picked** ('P'): All lines are picked

**Partially packed** ( ${}^{\prime}T^{\prime}$ ): Some lines are packed

Packed ('K'): All lines are packed

**Partially shipped** ('L'): Some lines have been shipped (Pmx sales shipping)

**Shipped** ('S'): All lines have been shipped (*Pmx sales shipping*)

Partially delivered ('E'): Some lines have been delivered

**Closed** ('C'): All lines are closed. Either by closing the pick list or shipping all goods.

**Force Close** ('F'): This is done when an operator does not count the number of collis correctly

In case a movable location is used to pick on, the lines that are picked will be in status 'Picked'. The users need to go through the packing flow to pack the items.

When no movable location is used, the picked lines get the status 'Packed', because the users will not go through the packing flow.

An exception to this rule is when the option 'Always status picked?' is set to true on the Pick list type table (For more explanation see Produmex pick list types (PMX PLTY))

# **Picklist Status Update**

This description explains how the status of a picklist is updated and identifies the settings that can change the status.

#### Related sites:

- Stock allocation algorithm
- Picking Flow
- Picklist

Many settings affect how the pick list status is updated:

Only pick items on location on same or lower level as dock? (Y/N)

With default status picklists are created with "Not Ready" status.

If the **Only pick items on location on same or lower level as dock? (Y/N)** setting is enabled, then the status of the picklist is automatically set to **"Ready"** upon creation, this also means that the locking level will be LUID.

#### Auto select the wave? (Y/N)

If the **Auto select the wave? (Y/N)** setting is enabled on the Picklist controller, then the picklists belonging to the wave selected by the system are automatically set to "**Ready**" when the wave is shown on the Select the picklist screen.

If this setting is disabled, the pick lists in the wave are only set to "Ready" after the user selects the wave on the Select the Picklist screen and proceeds with it.

Do not lock stock on picking (picklists can be created even if no stock is available)

Enable the **Do not lock stock on picking (picklists can be created even if no stock is available)** setting at the General Settings Tab.

#### When this setting is enabled:

- The system does not reserve stock when creating a proposal.
- It bypasses the check for available stock quantity.
- As a result, proposals can be made regardless of current stock levels.

#### Make picklist ready before print? (Y/N)

In SBO, the picklist can be set to "Ready" during printing if the Make picklist ready before print? (Y/N) setting is enabled in the Picklist controller.

#### Make picklist ready for selected line? (Y/N)

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When **Make picklist ready for selected line? (Y/N)** is enabled, the status of the pick list lines stays as **"Not Ready"**. This means the system will not allocate stock to these lines until the user selects the item using a scanner.

# 1.2. Stock order by

#### Picking, Multi-Picking, Zone Picking

Picking Flow Multi-Picking Flow Zone Picking Flow

The order to take the stock is based on settings in the pick list controller. If there is a custom 'Stock order by' option, the sorting will be the value of that setting.

#### **DEFAULT**

When the setting has the value \*DEFAULT\*. If the setting 'Must the user pick full pallet from bulk location' is checked, the sorting is as follows:

- BBD
- BatchNumber
- BatchNumber2
- Priority pick location
- Full pallet
- Non-pick location
- Has LUID
- Location sequence
- LUID

Note: If the 'Must the user pick full pallet from bulk location' and 'Can the user pick bulk quantity from bulk location' checkboxes are enabled then these options forces to first take larger quantity stock from a bulk location before using pick locations.

The Bulk Pick Quantity can be modified on 'Item Master Data'.



Otherwise the sorting is done as:

- BBD
- BatchNumber
- BatchNumber2
- Priority pick location
- Pick location
- Has LUID
- Full pallet

- Location sequence
- LUID

After getting this sorting, the system will loop through all the lines it finds. If during this loop, a full pallet is found on a pick location, it is stored in a separate list, and is NOT used on the pick list line. If there is still quantity to allocate after assigning the locations to the pick list line, the stock for full pallets on a pick location is used.

#### **BIGGEST PALLET FIRST**

When setting the value as \*BIGGEST PALLET FIRST\*, the system picks from the pallet where the remaining quantity will be lowest.

First the system sorts the stock as follows:

- highest quantity
- oldest LUID

After the sorting, the system will loop through all the lines.

- If the quantity on the logistic unit is higher than the quantity to pick, the system stores it in a memory list which is sorted by: lowest quantity/ oldest LUID.
- If the quantity on the logistic unit is lower or equals to the quantity to pick, the system assigns it to the picklist.

When there are still stock to pick after the system looped through every line, it will use stock from the memory list.

#### **Examples**

We have the following stock situation for the example:

Product A has 5 pallets in stock, the default quantity per pallet is 10 pcs. But we also have 1 'older' larger pallets that has 12 pcs and also an 'open' pallet with only 4 pcs.

Product A	SSCC 001	12 pcs
Product A	SSCC 002	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 003	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 004	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 005	4 pcs

Scenario 1: Ordered quantity = quantity on given SSCC

Example 1: We have a sales order for 4 pcs → system allocates SSCC 005

Example 2: We have a sales order for 10 pcs  $\rightarrow$  system allocates SSCC 002 (oldest SSCC that matches the quantity)

Example 3: We have a sales order for 12 pcs → system allocates SSCC 001

Scenario 2: Smallest SSCC < Ordered quantity < quantity on given SSCC

Example 1: We have a sales order for 5 pcs  $\rightarrow$  system allocates 4 pcs from SSCC 005 and 1 pcs from SSCC 001 (because this is the oldest).

Scenario 3: Smallest SSCC > Ordered quantity

Example 1: We have a sales order for 3 pcs → system allocates 3 pcs from SSCC 005 (biggest SSCC

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that is less than the quantity to pick)

Scenario 4: Ordered quantity > Biggest SSCC

Example 1: We have a sales order for 14 pcs  $\rightarrow$  system allocates 12 pcs from SSCC 001 (biggest SSCC that is less than remaining quantity) and allocate 2 pcs from SSCC 005 (smallest remaining quantity)

Scenario 5: Ordered quantity > Biggest SSCC, but lowest quantity does not fulfill the needs For this scenario the stock is:

Product A	SSCC 001	12 pcs
Product A	SSCC 002	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 003	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 004	10 pcs
Product A	SSCC 005	4 pcs
Product A	SSCC 006	1 pcs

Example 1: We have a sales order for 14 pcs  $\rightarrow$  system allocates 12 pcs from SSCC 001 (biggest SSCC that is less than remaining quantity). Next SSCC 006 is used, because the quantity available is more than the remaining quantity.

Now there is still 1 piece remaining. There is no more stock to be used, so now the system will loop through the remaining stock, but smallest quantity first. This means that 1 piece of SSCC 005 will be used.

### Ad hoc picking

For ad hoc picking, the stock is sorted by:

- BBD
- Batch with smallest free stock
- Pick locations
- · Location with most LUID's
- Non-full pallets
- Smallest quantities per inventory line
- Location sequence

### 'Stock order by' query

The following tables are used in the guery:

- "OITM"
- "PMX OSSL"
- "PMX OSWA"
- "PMX LUID"
- "PMX\_LUID" AS "MasterLUIDTable"
- "PMX ITRI"

Subqueries with the used columns:

- "OldestSerialPerLuid" ("LUID", "SerialNumber")
- "InventoryDetail"

("InventoryQuantity", "InventoryQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "LocationCode", "InternalKey", "LUID", "MasterLUID", "ItriKey")

This subquery lists all the stock and the details needed for a 'Detail' level locking linked to them.

• "InventoryLUID"

("InventoryQuantity", "InventoryQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "LUID", "MasterLUID", "ItriKey")

This subguery lists all the stock and the details needed for a 'LUID' level locking linked to them.

• "InventoryBatch"

("InventoryQuantity", "InventoryQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "ItriKey")

This subquery lists all the stock and the details needed for a 'Batch' level locking linked to them.

"InventoryItem"

("InventoryQuantity", "InventoryQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode") This subquery lists all the stock and the details needed for an 'Item' level locking linked to them.

• "LockedItem"

("LockedQuantity", "LockedQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode")
This subquery lists all the stock locked on 'Item/Quantity' level with the details needed for the locking.

"LockedBatch"

("LockedQuantity", "LockedQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "BatchNumber", "BatchNumber2", "BBD", "ItriKey")

This subquery lists all the stock locked on 'Batch' level with the details needed for the locking.

• "LockedLUID"

("LockedQuantity", "LockedQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "LUID", "BatchNumber", "BatchNumber2", "BBD", "ItriKey")

This subquery lists all the stock locked on 'LUID' level with the details needed for the locking.

• "LockedDetail"

("LockedQuantity", "LockedQuantityUom2", "ItemCode", "QualityStatus", "PmxWhsCode", "LocationCode", "LUID", "BatchNumber", "BatchNumber2", "BBD", "ItriKey")

This subquery lists all the stock locked on 'Detail' level with the details needed for the locking.

When allocating stock for the picklist, the system will count the available stock based on the following logic:

First the system counts the difference between the inventory quantity and the locked quantity for each level.

```
{"InventoryItem"."InventoryQuantity" - "LockedItem"."LockedQuantity"}
{"InventoryBatch"."InventoryQuantity" - "LockedBatch"."LockedQuantity"}
{"InventoryLUID"."InventoryQuantity" - "LockedLUID"."LockedQuantity"}
{"InventoryDetail"."InventoryQuantity" - "LockedDetail"."LockedQuantity"}
```

The lowest calculated value will be taken as the available quantity.

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# 1.3. No location allocated

When there is no location allocated on the pick list, it means that there is no free stock available on the locations allowed for picking.

So there is no free stock on pick locations, and (if configured to allow full pallet bulk picking) there a no free full pallets on bulk locations.

### 1.4. Pick list screen

### 1.4.1. Make delivery

On the pick list screen there is a button called 'Make delivery'. This button can only be used when:

- The pick list is in status 'Ready'
- The pick list does not have any products with serial numbers
- The option 'Do not lock stock on picking' is not set

When clicking the button, the system will pick, pack, load and deliver the goods on the pick list. It will use the stock details from the pick list.

It is not possible to override locations, LUID, ...

### 1.4.2. Skip item

This button is available when:

- The form is in OK mode. This means there are no unsaved changes to the pick list.
- All selected pick list lines have status 'Not ready' or 'Ready'
- At least 1 line is selected.

When clicking the button, the system will skip the selected lines. This means the lines will be closed, and the items will not be picked.

#### 1.4.3. Choose alternate item

This button is available when:

- The form is in OK mode. This means there are no unsaved changes to the pick list.
- The selected pick list line has status 'Not ready' or 'Ready'
- Exactly 1 line is selected

When clicking the button, the system will show an additional screen where the user can select 1 or more alternate items to pick from.

If over picking is allowed, the system will allow the user to select more than what was needed to pick.

The list of alternate items is compiled the same way as it would on the picking flow.

# 1.4.4. Adjust quantity for non-inventory items

The quantity for non-inventory items can be changed when the pick list line is in status 'Ready'.

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